AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Previously Presented) A micro-lens array, comprising:

a first set of micro-lenses comprising a plurality of first micro-lenses each having a first size; and

a second set of micro-lenses comprising a plurality of second micro-lenses each having a second size;

wherein at least one of said plurality of first micro-lenses at least abuts without overlapping at least one of said plurality of second micro-lenses.

- 2. (Original) The micro-lens array of claim 1, further comprising a third set of micro-lenses comprising a plurality of third micro-lenses each having a third size.
- 3. (Original) The micro-lens array of claim 2, wherein said first, second, and third sizes are equal to each other.
- 4. (Original) The micro-lens array of claim 1, wherein a focal length of each of said plurality of first micro-lenses is approximately equal to a focal length of each of said plurality of second micro-lenses.

5. (Original) The micro-lens array of claim 1, wherein a focal length of each of said plurality of first micro-lenses corresponds to a first wavelength of light, and wherein a focal length of each of said plurality of second micro-lenses corresponds to a second wavelength of light.

- 6. (Previously Presented) A micro-lens array, comprising:
 - a first set of micro-lenses comprising a plurality of first micro-lenses;
 - a second set of micro-lenses comprising a plurality of second micro-lenses; and
 - a third set of micro-lenses comprising a plurality of third micro-lenses;

wherein said first micro-lenses at least abut without overlapping said second and third micro-lenses.

- 7. (Original) The micro-lens array of claim 6, wherein said first micro-lenses have a first size and said second micro-lenses have a second size, said second size being no smaller than said first size.
- 8. (Original) The micro-lens array of claim 6, wherein said first, second, and third micro-lenses each have approximately a same focal length.

9. (Original) The micro-lens array of claim 6, wherein a focal length of each of said plurality of first micro-lenses corresponds to a first wavelength of light, wherein a focal length of each of said plurality of second micro-lenses corresponds to a second wavelength of light, and wherein a focal length of each of said plurality of third micro-lenses corresponds to a third wavelength of light.

10. (Canceled)

lenses;

- 11. (Original) The micro-lens array of claim 6, wherein said first, second and third sizes are equal to each other.
 - 12. (Previously Presented) A micro-lens array, comprising:

a first set of micro-lenses comprising a plurality of first micro-lenses; and a second set of micro-lenses comprising a plurality of second micro-

wherein said first micro-lenses exhibit different optical transmission properties than said second micro-lenses, and

wherein said first micro-lenses abut said second micro-lenses without overlapping.

13. (Original) The micro-lens array of claim 12, comprising a third set of micro-lenses comprising a plurality of third micro-lenses.

- 14. (Original) The micro-lens array of claim 13, wherein said third micro-lenses exhibit different optical transmission properties than at least one of said first and second micro-lenses.
- 15. (Original) The micro-lens array of claim 14, wherein said third micro-lenses exhibit different optical transmission properties than both said first and second micro-lenses.
- 16. (Original) The micro-lens array of claim 13, wherein said first micro-lenses abut said second and third micro-lenses.
 - 17. (Currently Amended) A semiconductor-based imager, comprising:

a pixel array having embedded pixel cells, each with a photosensor; and a micro-lens array, comprising:

a first set of micro-lenses comprising a plurality of first microlenses each having a first size; and

a second set of micro-lenses comprising a plurality of second micro-lenses each having a second size;

wherein the micro-lens array is at least approximately substantially space-less between at least one of said plurality of first micro-lenses and at least one of said plurality of second micro-lenses.

- 18. (Original) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 17, wherein said first size is different than said second size such that pixel cells corresponding to said second micro-lenses receive a greater amount of light than pixel cells corresponding to said first micro-lenses.
- 19. (Original) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 18, wherein said first micro-lenses correspond to green pixel cells, and wherein said second micro-lenses correspond to red and/or blue pixel cells.
- 20. (Original) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 17, wherein said microlens array further comprises a third set of micro-lenses comprising a plurality of third micro-lenses each having a third size.
- 21. (Original) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 20, wherein the microlens array is at least approximately substantially space-less between said pluralities of first, second, and third micro-lenses.

22. (Original) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 20, wherein a focal length of each of said plurality of first micro-lenses is equal to a focal length of each of said plurality of second micro-lenses and a focal length of each of said plurality of third micro-lenses.

- 23. (Original) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 20, wherein focal lengths of each of the pluralities of first, second, and third micro-lenses are adjusted for a specific color signal.
 - 24. (Previously Presented) A semiconductor-based imager, comprising:

a substrate having pixel cells formed thereon, each with a photosensor; and

a micro-lens array for presenting an image for said pixel cells, said microlens array comprising:

a first plurality of first micro-lenses each having a first size; and

a second plurality of second micro-lenses each having a second size larger than said first size;

wherein said second micro-lenses are adapted to collect a greater amount of light than said first micro-lenses, and

wherein at least one of said second micro-lenses abuts without overlapping at least one of said first micro-lenses.

25. (Original) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 24, wherein said first and said second micro-lenses each exhibit a similar focal length.

- 26. (Original) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 25, wherein said focal length extends to said photosensors.
- 27. (Original) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 24, wherein a focal length of the plurality of first micro-lenses is adjusted for a first color signal, and wherein a focal length of the plurality of second micro-lenses is adjusted for a second color signal.

28-29. (Canceled)

- 30. (Original) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 24, further comprising a color filter array positioned over said pixel cells.
- 31. (Previously Presented) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 30, wherein said color filter array is positioned between said micro-lens array and said substrate.

32. (Previously Presented) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 24, further comprising a light shield positioned between said micro-lens array and said substrate.

- 33. (Original) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 24, wherein said microlens array further comprises a third plurality of third micro-lenses each having a third size.
- 34. (Previously Presented) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 33, wherein said first and third sizes are equal.
- 35. (Original) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 33, wherein at least one of said first micro-lenses abuts at least one of said second micro-lenses and at least one of said third micro-lenses.
 - 36. (Previously Presented) A semiconductor-based imager, comprising:

a substrate having pixel cells formed thereon, each with a photosensor; and

a micro-lens array for presenting an image for said pixel cells, said microlens array comprising:

a first set of micro-lenses comprising a plurality of first microlenses each having a first size; and

a second set of micro-lenses comprising a plurality of second micro-lenses each having a second size no smaller than said first size;

wherein said second micro-lenses are each positioned in a space between adjacent said first micro-lenses such that said second microlenses contact without overlapping said first micro-lenses.

- 37. (Original) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 36, further comprising a color filter array positioned over said pixel cells.
- 38. (Original) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 37, wherein said color filter array is positioned between said micro-lens array and said substrate.
- 39. (Original) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 36, wherein said second size is larger than said first size.
- 40. (Original) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 36, wherein said first and said second micro-lenses each exhibit a similar focal length.
- 41. (Original) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 40, wherein said focal length extends to said photosensors.

42. (Original) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 36, wherein a focal length of the plurality of first micro-lenses is adjusted for a first color signal, and wherein a focal length of the plurality of second micro-lenses is adjusted for a second color signal.

- 43. (Original) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 36, wherein a respective one of said second micro-lenses overlaps surrounding ones of said first micro-lenses.
- 44. (Original) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 36, wherein said microlens array further comprises a third plurality of third micro-lenses each having a third size.
- 45. (Original) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 44, wherein said first, second, and third sizes are equal.

46-55. (Canceled).

56. (Previously Presented) The semiconductor-based imager of claim 33, wherein said second and third sizes are equal.